Submission Number

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introduction

The introduction follows immediately after the abstract. It should provide background on the problem being addressed by the study, including references to relevant literature and the reasons for doing the research. It should also indicate the overall scope of the material covered in the paper, and should briefly indicate how the problem was investigated. These paragraphs present the basis for the detailed presentation in the paper. The introduction should not indicate results or key findings, which are mentioned briefly in the abstract and described in greater detail in the Results and Conclusions sections of the paper. (After you select and delete this paragraph, start entering the text for your paper here.)

# METHODS

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For most papers reporting on experimental or analytical research, the Introduction is followed by a Methods section. The methods used in the research, including methods of data collection and analysis, or methods of model development and use, should be separate from, and come before the presentation of results. There may be two or more subheadings for the Methods section.

## Heading 2 (Subheading)

A subheading (Heading 2) within a major section is in mixed case and in bold type. A blank line is between the subheading and the text of the first paragraph.

*Heading 3 (Sub-subheading).* In a sub-subheading (Heading 3), only the first letter of each key word is capitalized. The sub-subheading is italicized and the text of the first paragraph begins on the same line as the sub-subheading as shown.

# RESULTS

Results should be presented objectively after the methods have been described. There may be two or more subheadings for the Results section.

# DISCUSSION

Comments about the results should be reserved for the Discussion section, where all of the study findings can be discussed and integrated with the results in the literature. The Discussion section should summarize what was done and what was found, while simultaneously providing commentary to interpret the results. Any limitations of the findings, or possible sources and magnitudes of error, should be mentioned. The Discussion section is also where the authors will recommend or indicate plans for future research.

# CONCLUSION

The conclusions section provides a simple summary of all that was learned or accomplished by the study. The reader must be able to find supporting evidence in the Results section for each conclusion.

# ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The Acknowledgments section is used by authors to recognize external financial sources of support and those who assisted in the study.

# REFERENCES

List references alphabetically and unnumbered. Examples of reference format for journal, paper in an edited book, book, and conferenceproceedings follow.

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Appendix

This section may be used for large tables and detailed descriptions of procedures and analysis techniques.